

[factoring]

- Find the greatest common factor for each group of terms:
 - $-14x, 21x^2, 28x^3$
 - $16x^2, 12x^3, 32x^5$
- Factor the following
 - $2x^2 - 10x + 2$
 - $8x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x$
- Find the missing terms represented by each \square to make the statement true
 - $24x - 15 = \square(8x - 5)$
 - $-12x + \square = -4(3x - 17)$
- Factor
 - $x^2 + 8x + 7$
 - $x^2 - 9x + 14$
 - $x^2 - 16x + 64$
- Factor the difference of squares
 - $x^2 - 49$
 - $x^2 - 169$
- Factor
 - $2x^3 + 3x^4 - 4x^5 + 5x^6$
 - $-3x(2x - 1) + 6(2x - 1)$
 - $-28x^2y^2 + 14x^3y^3 - 7x^2y^3$
 - $-4x - 4y + xy + y^2$
- Factor each trinomial completely
 - $x^2 + 2x - 35$
 - $30 - 11x + x^2$
 - $x^2 - 7x - 30$
 - $7x^2 - 35x + 42$
- Find an integer to replace the square \square so that the trinomial $x^2 + \square x - 18$ can be factored.
- The length of a rectangle is $x + 7$ and the area is $x^2 - 4x - 77$, find the width of the rectangle.
- Factor these difference of squares:
 - $144x^2 - 49$
 - $\frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{16}x^2$
- Simplify $x(y^2 - 3) - 3(y^2 - x) + 6x$
- Arrange in descending powers of x , then evaluate it for $x = -2$

$$(x^2 + x - 6) - 5x - [(6x - 2x^2 + 3) - (4 - x^2)]$$
- Find the expression for the volume of a box that has dimensions $(5x - 1)$ by $(2x + 4)$ by $3x$. Expand and simplify.
- Find the binomial to complete this equality

$$(x - 4)(\quad) = x^2 + x - 20$$
- Expand and simplify $(x + 5)(x - 5)(x^2 + 25)$